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1 Andrew J. Capestro Far West Water and Sewer, Inc. 2 13157 E. 44th Street Yuma, Arizona 85367 3 (928) 342-3344

2008 AUG 29 P 2: 05

AZ CORP COMMISSION DOCKET CONTROL

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BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

7 IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF FAR WEST WATER & SEWER, INC., AN ARIZONA CORPORATION, FOR AUTHORITY (1) 8 9 TO ISSUE EVIDENCE OF INDEBTEDNESS IN AN AMOUNT NOT 10 TO EXCEED \$25,215,000 IN CONNECTION WITH (A) THE CONSTRUCTION OF SEWER SYSTEM 11 INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS 12 AND (B) REPAYMENT AND CONSOLIDATION OF EXISTING DEBT: 13 AND (2) TO ENCUMBER ITS REAL PROPÈRTY AND PLANT AS SECURITY FOR SUCH INDEBTEDNESS. 14

DOCKET NO. WS-03478A-05-0801

NOTICE OF FILING PROOF OF ADOSH CONSULTATION **RE: PALM SHADOWS FIRE**

Pursuant to Decision No. 69335, Far West Water & Sewer, Inc. hereby files this Notice of Filing Proof of Consultation with the Arizona Division of Occupational Safety and Health, by filing a copy of the Consultation Report for Far West Water and Sewer submitted by Consultation, Education & Training, ADOSH, dated September 8, 2006, wherein corrective measures were reported to prevent future fires.

Dated this 27th day of August, 2008.

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Arizona Corporation Commission DOCKETED

AUG 29 2008

DOCKETED BY (1// Far West Water and Sewer, Inc.

Andrew J. Capestro

FENNEMORE CRAIG ROFESSIONAL CORPORATION PHOENIX

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2	ORIGINAL and 13 copies delivered this 28 th day of August, 2008 to:
3 4 5	Docket Control Arizona Corporation Commission 1200 West Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona 85007
6	COPY mailed this 28 th day of August, 2008 to:
7	Compliance Section Arizona Corporation Commission 1200 West Washington Street
8	Phoenix, Arizona 85007
9	Keith Layton, Staff Attorney
10	Legal Division Arizona Corporation Commission
11	1200 West Washington Phoenix, AZ 85007
12	By Doia Hillan
13	By Joia Milan
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CONSULTATION REPORT

for

Far West Water and Sewer, Inc. 13157 E. 44th Street Yuma, AZ 86367

Submitted By:

Consultation, Education & Training, ADOSH P. O. Box 19070 800 W. Washington Street, Room 207 Phoenix, AZ 85005-9070

THE INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION COMPLIES WITH THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT OF 1990. IF YOU NEED THIS DOCUMENT IN ALTERNATIVE FORMAT, CONTACT SPECIAL SERVICES AT (602) 542-5991.

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	Management Leadership and Employee Involvement
	Worksite Analysis to Identify Hazards and Potential Hazards
	Hazard Correction And Control
	Safety and Health Training

THE INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION OF ARIZONA

DIVISION OF OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH P. O. BOX 19070 PHOENIX, AZ 85005-9070



JEAN PIERRE ANGELCHIK, M.D., CHAIRMAN JOE GOSIGER, VICE CHAIRMAN BRIAN C. DELFS, MEMBER LOUIS W. LUJANO, SR., MEMBER MARCIA WEEKS, MEMBER

LARRY ETCHECHURY, DIRECTOR TERESA HILTON, SECRETARY

DARIN PERKINS, ADOSH DIRECTOR (602) 542-5795 FAX (602) 542-1614

September 8, 2006

Ms. Diane Robinson Safety Officer Far West Water and Sewer, Inc. 13157 E. 44th Street Yuma, AZ 86367

Dear Ms. Robinson:

In response to your request, Steven Weberman conducted a Limited Service Health survey at your facilities on <u>08/23/2006</u>. As agreed upon, those hazards that were identified and classified as **Serious** show a projected schedule for correction. Included with this report is attachment B - Employer Report of Action Taken, a form to record the actions you are taking to correct those hazards identified. <u>This form must be returned to us on or before the scheduled correction date.</u>

The enclosed report presents recommendations for correcting identified hazards and for preventing their recurrence. These recommendations also include a discussion concerning management practices to ensure ongoing, systematic hazard prevention. In addition, the report may also contain recommendations regarding analysis of your company's injury and illness records and steps you may consider utilizing to reduce your company's incidence of work-related injuries and illnesses.

Accompanying this report is a list of hazards which includes a description of the serious hazard(s) and the date by which we mutually determined that the hazard(s) would be corrected. This List of Hazards must be posted, unedited, in a prominent location where it is readily observable by all employees for three working days or until the hazard(s) have been corrected, whichever is later. If we approve an extension to the correction due dates, a new List of Hazards will be sent to you showing the revised date(s).

During the time that you are working on correcting these hazard(s), ADOSH may not conduct a scheduled inspection at your work site, provided that: a) you are within the correction due dates, b) interim protection is in place and c) the List of Hazards is posted. Should these conditions not be met, an ADOSH compliance inspection may be conducted.

Also enclosed is a survey form. ADOSH is constantly striving to improve our consultation service and we would appreciate receiving feedback from you regarding the service you received. You may return the survey with the form indicating the corrective action taken.

We look forward to hearing from you concerning the steps you took in response to this report. This information will help us to assist you in providing a safe and healthful workplace for your employees. It can also provide us with information about the effectiveness of your program.

We encourage you to inform your employees of the action you take. This knowledge will help them to do their part in maintaining a safe and healthful workplace and it will let them know of your concern for their welfare.

Thank you for seeking our assistance. If you need additional information, we encourage you to contact us.

Sincerely,

Babak Emami, CET Supervisor Phoenix ADOSH Office

Executive Summary

Introduction

This report provides the results of Limited Service Health survey. When referring to this report, please reference the Visit Number 504107954.

Summary of the Visit

ADOSH State Industrial Hygiene Consultant, Steven Weberman met with Ms. Diane Robinson, Safety Officer to discuss the purpose and scope of the survey.

The employer is involved in providing water and sewer services to the community of the Foothills residents.

A review of the employers written Hazard Communication and Permit-Required Confined Space Entry programs was made and both programs meet with their respective standard requirements. A recommendation was made to include a statement about the inventory list which the employer did add to the written hazard communication program.

The only additional item in the Permit-Required Confined Space Entry program was that the employer needed to look at Appendix "B", number 1 (Evaluation Testing). There were 2 potential toxic air contaminants that the employer did not have a sensor for and the 2 are Chlorine and Ammonia. Chlorine has a ceiling limit of 1.0 part per million (ppm) with an IDLH (Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health) of 10.0 ppm and Ammonia has an 8-Hour Time Weighted Average of 50.0 ppm with an IDLH of 300.0 ppm. The employer currently monitors for Hydrogen Sulfide and Carbon Monoxide in addition to the Oxygen and flammables (LEL). The employer has already ordered the 2 other sensors for Chlorine and Ammonia and they will always include these tests when monitoring the air quality before a confined space entry is made.

I also wanted to clarify what entry into a Confined Space is and means: At any time with any part of the human body whether it is the head, leg, arm, foot, toes and fingers, once any of these parts actually breaks the plane of the confined space, which is the lip of the space, this is considered entry into the confined space. If a tool of some kind can be used to perform the job duty adequately, then the tool entering the confined space is alright to do since the human body and parts have not broke the plane of the space, then entry has not been made with the tool.

On going training/refresher training is strongly recommended for the affected employees who perform Permit-Required Confined Space Entry to keep current with the latest methods developed by the industry and air quality monitoring equipment updates.

A Permit-Required Confined Space Entry was performed out at Los Barrancas, 42nd Place & Maggie Lane. The entry was actually on 42nd Place where there was a inactive sewer, this location was picked to see how the team performs in relation with the requirements of the 29 CFR 1910,146 Permit-Required Confined Space Entry. The entry was successful in that pre-entry provisions were correctly done with use of the tripod, harnesses, ventilation, air monitoring, required PPE. The standby personnel were ready and the actual entry went as planned without incident. Upon completion of the entry a debriefing was held to go over the good and bad things that took place, there were no bad things that were performed and nothing bad to report. All documents were in order pertaining to the confined space and to the entry procedures. The employer was equipped to enter this confined space without the need for the chorine and ammonia sensors since the evaluation of this type of space only required CO and H2S as the potential toxic contaminants that could be present. Air monitoring was and is always continuous as was the use of the ventilation blower unit.

The individuals that were involved in the confined space entry were:

1. Lynn Whitton - Team Leader/Standby Attendant

- 2. Tanya Clark Performing the Air Quality Test using "Biosystems" monitor got Oxygen, Flammables, Carbon Monoxide and Hydrogen Sulfide sensors.
- 3. Jeff Bigsby Entry Supervisor/Ensuring Ventilation hose is in the confined space and functioning properly.
 - 4. Issac Yocupicio Wench/Tripod Operator
 - 5. Brandon Howard Entrant.
 - 6. Mark Kaveney Overseeing the operation.

The entry took approximately 5 - 10 minutes and air quality tests revealed 20.9% Oxygen, 0% flammables, 0.0 ppm of Carbon Monoxide as well as 0.0 ppm for Hydrogen Sulfide. There was constant communication with the entrant at all times during the entry. The entry was a success.

A walk through of the facilities was conducted and the following items were noted:

- 1. Throughout most of the facilities toured, there are chlorine tablets and bleach in some locations and there had not been a properly functioning eye wash/shower unit meeting the ANSI (American National Standards Institute) requirements which OSHA does recognize as acceptable and preferred, ANSI approved eye wash/shower units are considered primary, all other types of eye wash units are to secondary until you can get to the primary unit to satisfy the requirements of the standard.
- 2. Marwood Treatment Facility There are a few floor holes approximately 6 inches in diameter that need to be covered, the injury that could occur is an ankle sprain/strain or even a fracture.
 - 3. The Main Laboratory A spray bottle of bleach and water solution was not labeled as to its' contents.
- 4. Main Water Treatment Facility At the time clock was an extension cord being used in lieu of fixed permanent wiring.
- 5. Main Water Treatment Facility Outside storage pad where 55 gallon drums of flammable liquid was not grounded and shaded from the suns radiant heat.

There was an incident that occurred a few months ago involving Methanol vapors at the Palm Shadows Waste Water Treatment Facility. A fire ensued due to the flammable vapors making contact with the arc of a motor. Since that incident, the methanol has been removed and replaced with "Micro C" which still has methanol at 6.0 %, but at a level that is considered to be a combustible rather than a flammable. This will prevent the vapors from reacting with an arc or spark from a motor or other ignition source.

In regards to the Chemical Hygiene Plan (CHP) specific to the laboratory, Mr. Mark Kaveney is the Lab Director and he should also be known as the Chemical Hygiene Officer, there are some other recommendations that I have and they are:

- 1. Use the term "Chemical Hygiene Officer"
- 2. In your section 3.3 mention "Spore Testing" for the autoclave unit.
- 3. In your section 3.5 mention "No Food" in the lab area.
- 4. In your section 5.5 mention the ANSI approved eye wash/shower unit.

The above stated items are not violations of the 29 CFR 1910.1450 standard, they are recommendations to help the program flow according to the OSHA standard.

I also recommend that in the chlorine mixing room at the Main Water Treatment facility, to use corrosive resistant pallets to keep the buckets of chlorine off the concrete floor in case of water that may get on the floor.

Out at the Palm Shadows waste water treatment location there are permit required confined spaces (PRCS) with covers that are not secured, the covers could blow off in high winds and according to 29 CFR 1910.146(c)(3) where the employer will take effective measures to prevent employees from entering the PRCS and I recommend to use a lock or a nut & bolt.

Safety and Health Program Management

The employer is doing everything possible to keep the employer in compliance with the OSHA standards. Written programs are often updated to reflect current situations that may arise from incidents and/or near misses. Training has been conducted and will be on going. The employer often contacts experts in the field to better assist the employer through hazard recognition and information provided.

Safety and Health Hazards Found

The hazards found during the survey of your workplace is attachment A - Report of Hazards Found. Each hazard is categorized and described and recommendations are given for its correction. Hazards are in order of item number, not necessarily in order of importance.

Hazards could be in any of the following categories:

IMMINENT DANGERS - are hazards that can reasonably be expected to cause death or serious physical harm immediately or before this written report is received. Any such hazards would have been corrected immediately, and no correction dates or space for correction method would appear in A - Report of Hazards Found.

- **SERIOUS HAZARDS** can cause an accident or health hazard exposure resulting in death or serious physical harm. Each such hazard has been assigned a mutually agreed-upon date by which correction is to be completed.
- NONSERIOUS HAZARDS lack the potential for causing serious physical harm, but could have a direct impact on employee safety and health. We encourage you to correct these hazards and notify us of the action taken.

REGULATORY HAZARDS - reflect violations of the Arizona Division of Occupational Safety and Health (ADOSH) posting requirements, recordkeeping requirements, and reporting requirements as found in A.A.C. R20-5-609, 29 CFR 1903 and 1904. No correction dates have been set, but we request notification of their correction.

Under ADOSH regulations, each cited piece of equipment (machine or device) must be tagged at or near the controls or hazard with a warning tag, until the hazard is corrected or the item is permanently removed from service. This is in addition to rather than in place of the current requirement to post citations, and is meant to enhance employee knowledge, a prerequisite for employee involvement in the management of workplace safety and health. The regulation also requires certification to ADOSH of correction, including a signature and signature date as well as the correction information requested in attachment B - Employer Report of Action Taken to this report. We recommend that you treat attachment A - Report of Hazards Found as a group of citations, tagging any piece of equipment on which a serious violation was found.

Notice of Obligation

As you know, we are required to notify the ADOSH Compliance Section if serious hazards are not corrected within the agreed-upon time. Extensions may be granted if you encounter difficulties completing correction within these time frames, but we must receive your request for an extension in writing before the correction due date. Although we are not required to notify ADOSH if nonserious hazards are not corrected, these hazards could result in injury to your employees. Moreover, your company would be subject to citation for them in the event of an ADOSH compliance inspection. Please mail or FAX attachment B - Employer Report of Action Taken, completed to show correction methods, on or before September 25, 2006.

In the event of an ADOSH compliance inspection, it is important to remember that the Compliance Officer is not legally bound by the consultant's advice or by the consultant's failure to point out a specific hazard. You may, but are not required to, furnish a copy of this report to the Compliance Officer, who may user it to determine your good faith efforts toward safety and health and reduce any proposed penalties. You are, however, required to furnish any employee exposure data from this report as required by 29 CFR 1910.1020.

Notice of Safety and Health Achievement Recognition Program

Employers who commit to correcting all the hazards identified by consultants in the course of a full service safety and health survey and establishing an effective safety and health program, and who meet certain other requirements, can be recognized under ADOSH's Safety and Health Achievement Recognition Program (SHARP).

Steven I. Weberman,

State Industrial Hygiene Consultant

ADOSH-CET



FAR WEST WATER & SEWER, INC.

September 22, 2006

Babak Emami **CET Supervisor** The Industrial Commission of Arizona Division of Occupational Safety and Health PO Box 19070 800 West Washington Street, Room 207 Phoenix, AZ 85005-9070

RE: Visit Number **504107954**

Dear Babak,

Please find attached the Report of Hazards Found along with the Employer Report of Action Taken generated from our site inspection performed by Steven Weberman on August 23, 2006. All of the required corrective actions have been implemented as so noted on the attached forms.

I would like to thank you as well as Mr. Weberman for your assistance in working with Far West Water & Sewer, Inc. to achieve our goals of OSHA compliance. The knowledge and recommendations are greatly appreciated, and are 100% positive in not only helping us assure a safe work place, but to educate our staff here at Far West. We look forward to working with you in the future.

Sincerely,

Mark Kaveney

General Superintendent

Far West Water & Sewer, Inc.

fwwsuper@gotoyuma.com

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A - Report of Hazards Found

Item Number	0001	Instance A	09/25/06
Hazards Type	Serious		

Standard: 1

1910.151(c)

Condition:

Where employees were exposed to injurious corrosive materials, such as chlorine, suitable facilities for quick drenching or flushing of the eyes and body meeting the ANSI requirements, were not provided within the work area for immediate emergency use.

Location: All areas where chlorine is handled and stored such as the labs and remote locations where the pump and lift stations are.

Potential Effect:

Aggravated eye and skin injuries, from prolonged exposure of eyes and/or body to chlorine tablets and solutions.

Recommended Action:

Provide a combination eye wash and shower. Both facilities should have adequate liquid for at least fifteen minutes of drenching or flushing and one action to provide the solution/water. Plumbed units should be operated weekly to flush the lines and to verify proper operation; self-contained units should be inspected according to the manufacturer's instructions. While nozzles must be protected from airborne contaminants, such protection must not impede the operator.

Climate should be considered before installing a station outside. Even if inside, it is recommended that a blanket be provided, as the injured employee's clothing will be wet at best.

Eyewash stations should always be near the hazardous work areas, within 10 seconds of travel, so that travel to them takes no more than ten seconds. The station should be clearly marked, brightly colored, well-lighted and free of obstructions.

Personal eyewash equipment supports plumbed and self-contained units but does not replace them. Such a unit may be kept in an area to supply immediate flushing. With this accomplished, the injured individual may then proceed to a permanent facility for the required fifteen-minute period.

Hand-held drench hoses are not to be considered as primary eyewash units because an injured worker would have difficulty in washing both eyes and keeping them open while using onehand to operate the hose.

Employees who might be exposed to chemical splashes should be instructed in the proper use of emergency eyewash units. It is necessary to hold the eyelids open and roll the eyeballs so water will flow on all surfaces and the surrounding inner folds, and to flush fifteen full minutes.

Description: The employer had not provided a functional eye was/shower unit meeting the 15 minute continuous supply of potable water and having only one action to provide the flow of water to the unit.

Item Number 0002	Instance A	Correction Due Date 09/25/06
Hazards Type Serious		

Standard: 1910.23(a)(8)

Condition:

A floor opening, 6 inches in diameter, was not protected with a cover to prevent an accidental ankle break.

Location: Marwood treatment plant

Potential Effect:

Abrasions, contusions, ankle break.

Recommended Action:

Provide and maintain a hole cover sufficient to withstand a 200 pound vertical weight load.

Description: The employer allowed 6 inch holes for valves to be unprotected where the possibility exists to sprain or break an individuals ankle and is also a tripping hazard.

Item Number 0003	Instance A	Correction Due Date	
Hazards Type Other		Correction Due Date	

Standard: 1910.1200(f)(5)(i)

Condition:

A container of a hazardous chemical, which was bleach, in the workplace was not labeled, tagged or marked with the identity of its contents.

Location: Lab

Potential Effect:

Employees may be exposed unknowingly to a toxic material or may use a physically hazardous material in an unsafe manner due to lack of information about the chemical they are using. First aid in case of accidental exposure may be incorrect or delayed, because finding the necessary information about first aid and emergency procedures on the material safety data sheet (MSDS) for the chemical requires knowing the chemical's identity.

Recommended Action:

Labeling can be as simple as using the manufacturer's labeled containers wherever possible and reproducing the manufacturer's label where other containers must be used.

The name on the label must be found on the MSDS for the substance. (If the name isn't on the MSDS, add it, and send a copy of the amended document to its originator.) Signs, placards, process sheets or other such written materials may be used instead of labels as long as the alternatives accompany and identify the containers and convey the required information. Labels are not required for any portable container intended for immediate use (not longer than oneshift) of a single employee.

Description: There was a spray bottle containing bleach that was not labeled as to its' contents.

Item Number 0004	Instance A	Correction Due Date
Hazards Type Other		

Standard: 1910.305(g)(1)(iii)(A)

Condition:

Flexible electrical cord was used as a substitute for the fixed wiring of the electrical unit which was the time clock.

Location: Main water treatment plant.

Potential Effect:

Burns and smoke-related injuries, from fire; electric shock, burns, and electrocution, from contact with live parts.

Recommended Action:

Replace the flexible electrical cord or cable with permanent wiring. Generally, metal raceways are used in industrial settings; however, other methods may be allowed or required, depending upon usage.

Description: The employer allowed a permanent piece of electrical equipment which was the time clock to have a temporary extension cord run from it to the electrical outlet.

Item Number 0005	Instance A	Correction Due Date
Hazards Type Other		

Standard: 1910.106(e)(6)(i)

Condition:

Adequate precautions were not taken against ignition sources of flammable vapors.

Location: Main water treatment plant - outside flammable storage pad.

Potential Effect:

Burns, smoke-related injuries and traumatic injuries, from fire and/or explosion.

Recommended Action:

Prohibit ignition sources, such as open flames, smoking, and cutting and welding in any area where flammable vapors are present. Also, remove equipment or cease operations which produce ignition sources such as hot surfaces; frictional heat; static, electrical, and mechanical sparks; spontaneous ignition, including heat-producing chemical reactions; and radiant heat. Protect against lightning as an ignition source where necessary. This policy should be reinforced in training sessions for new and current employees.

Alternatively, remove sources of flammable vapors from areas where ignition sources are present.

Description: The employer allowed 55 gallon drums of flammable liquids to be stored outside in the radiant heat without shading the area.

Item Number 0006	Instance A	Correction Due Date
Hazards Type Other		

Standard: 1910.106(e)(6)(ii)

Condition:

Class 1 flammable liquid metal containers were not grounded to discharge any friction build up and vapors that may become airborne.

Location: Main water treatment plant - outside storage pad.

Potential Effect:

Severe burns and traumatic injuries from explosion and fire, due to spark from accumulation of static electricity igniting vapor during liquid transfer process.

Recommended Action:

Provide a grounding wire/cable to the flammable metal drums and if dispensing takes place out on the storage pad then also provide bonding wire on the nozzle of the dispensing drum or tank and a method for securing it to the receiving container. Alternatively, bond the fill stem to a metallic floor plate and stand the receiving container on that plate. This works only when the floor plate and receiving container are not electrically separated.

Ensure that the chosen bonding procedure is established, disseminated to employees, and enforced.

Description: The employer had not grounded the metal drums containing a flammable liquid.

B - Employer Report of Action Taken

From: Far West Water and Sewer

13157 E. 44th Street

Yuma, AZ

Visit Number: 504107954 Date of Survey: 08/23/06

Item Number 0001	The state of the s	Standard 1910.151(c)
Instance A	Correction Due Date 09/25/06	Date Corrected 09/21/06
	Describe Corrective A.	ction Taken

cribe Corrective Action Taken

Ordered and installed new Safety Shower and Eye Wash Stations at the required locations throughout our facilities.

SEE ATTACHMENT A

Action Taken to Prevent Recurrence

Far West Water and Sewer, Inc. will assure that all safety shower and eye wash stations are maintained and kept at all required locations

		Serious	Standard	1910.23(a)(8)
Instance A	Correction Due Date	09/25/06	Date Corrected	09/20/06
	Desc	cribe Corrective	Action Taken	

Appropiate valve riser covers were installed at all locations.

SEE ATTACHMENT B

Action Taken to Prevent Recurrence

Far West Water and Sewer, Inc. will assure that all valve risers are kept covered with appropriate covers at all times.

Item Number 0003	Hazard Type	Other	Standard	1910.1200(f)(5)(i)
Instance A	Correction Due Date		Date Corrected	08/23/06
Bud social en social escribir de la companya de la	and the control of the property of the control of t	for any considerable Mark to the Country of the Section 2	The second of the second of	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Describe Corrective Action Taken

A label was placed on the spray bottle, describing it's contents.

SEE ATTACHMENT C

Action Taken to Prevent Recurrence

Far West Water and Sewer, Inc. will assure that all bottles and containers are properly labeled at all times. The Lab Director / Chemical Hygiene Officer will perform an inspection at the laboratory to assure that this facility meets compliance.

Item Number 0004	Hazard Type	Other	Standard	1910.305(g)(1)(iii)(A)
Instance A	Correction Due Date		Date Corrected	09/19/06

Describe Corrective Action Taken

An Electrician installed conduit and an electrical outlet to provide power to the time clock.

SEE ATTACHMENT D

Action Taken to Prevent Recurrence

Far West Water and Sewer, Inc. will assure that any electrical systems that are installed, are installed as a permanent facility, using electrical conduits and fixtures to provide power to the new installation.

Item Number	0005	Hazard Type Other	Standard	1910.106(e)(6)(i)
Instance	A	Correction Due Date	Date Corrected	09/21/06
		Describe Corrective Action	Faken	

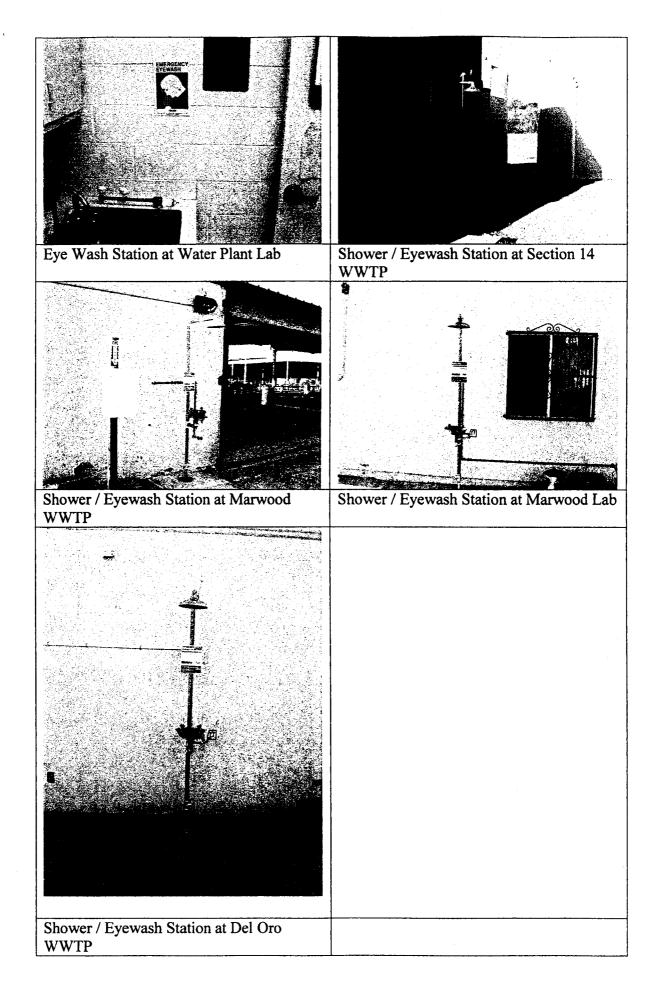
The flamable drums were relocated to a shaded area, out of the direct sunlight, and away from any ignition sources.

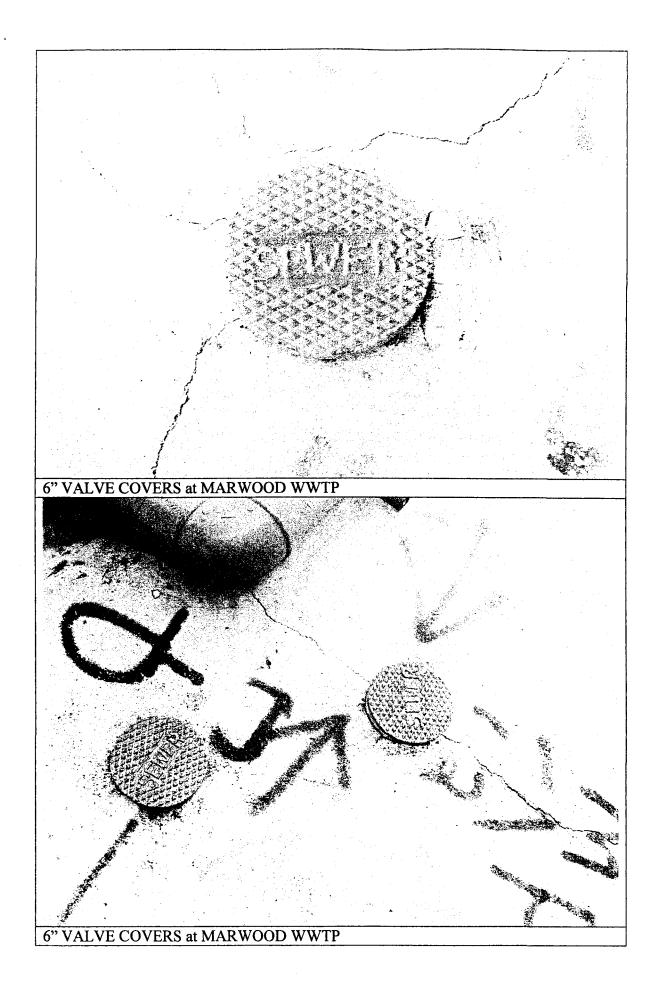
SEE ATTACHMENT E

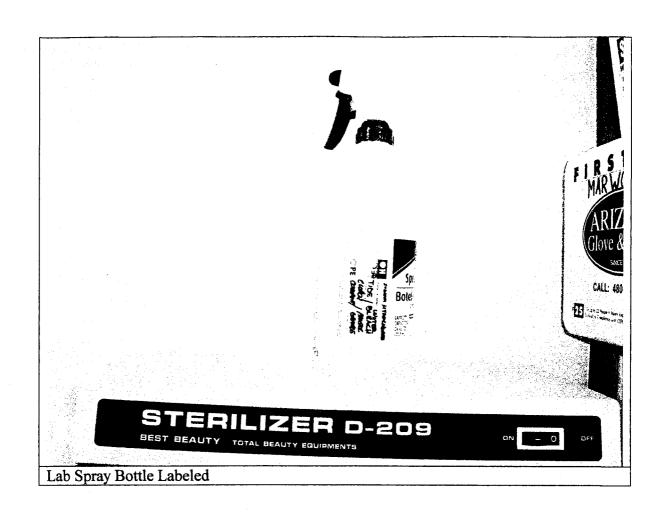
Action Taken to Prevent Recurrence

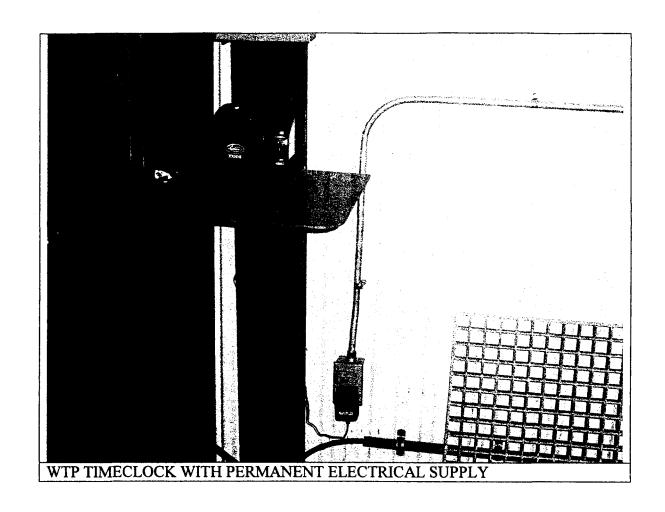
Far West Water and Sewer, Inc. will assure that all flamable drums are stored in a designated shaded area, to include appropriate signage and away from possible ignition sources.

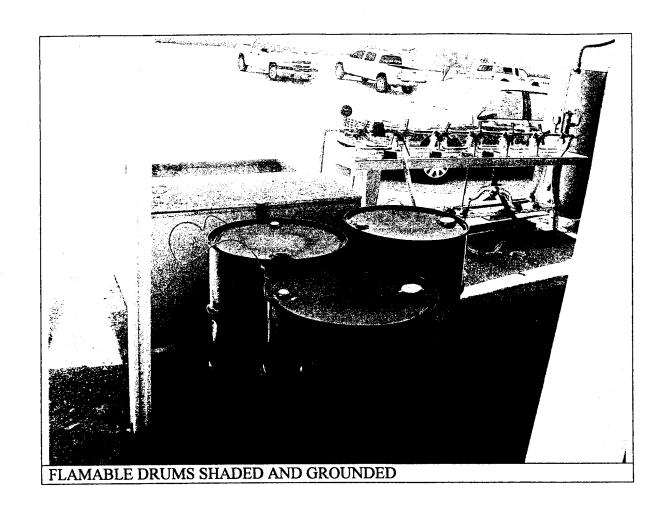
Item Number	0006	Hazard Type	Other	Standard	1910.106(e)(6)(ii)
Instance	A	Correction Due Date		Date Corrected	09/21/06
		Des	scribe Corrective	Action Taken	109/21/06
		en ing pangkan ya ka manananan ka ka <u>ka ka k</u>			
				1	
	Elect	ricians grounded t	the flamable	drums.	
			SEE ATTACHM	ENT E	
		Actio	on Taken to Prev	ent Recurrence	
	Far W	est Water and Sewe	er. Inc. wil	l assure that all f	lamable drums are
		rly grounded.	,		
:	FF-) 6			











ATTACHMENT E

CONSULTATION EVALUATION FORM

Name: Mark Kaveney							
Company: Far West Water & Sewer, Inc.							
Name of consultant: Steven Weberman							
What is your opinion of the usefulness of the consultation service?							
Very useful Not useful							
Comments:							
Consultation service is a very educational and useful tool for companies to use to assure OSHA compliance. It offers companies clarity in a somewhat complex regulatory world. I feel one of the most beneficial outcomes of an inspection is the recommendations that are given by the consultant.							
2. Was the ADOSH consultant knowledgeable and helpful?							
YesX No							
Comments:							
Steven Weberman is extremely knowledgeable in this field. He is very good at explanations and more importantly, he listens to the questions and concerns that we had in the field. One thing I liked about Steven was the options he gives in addressing compliance issues. He was very helpful to us and is highly respected by myself along with my staff. I look forward to working with him in the future.							
3. What changes, if any, should be made to this service?							
I have no recommendations for change. This is a very good program.							
4. How did you become aware of the consultation service?							
Used it before Compliance inspection Friend/acquaintance Training class Seminar other (specify)							

Our former Safety Officer recommended this service to our company to assist us in achieving and maintaining compliance.